

CiteVis: Visual Analysis of Overlapping Citation Intents as Dynamic Sets

Shivam Agarwal*
University of Duisburg-Essen, Germany
Fabian Beck‡
University of Bamberg, Germany

Uttiya Ghosh†
International Institute of Information Technology Bangalore, India
Jaya Sreevalsan-Nair§
International Institute of Information Technology Bangalore, India

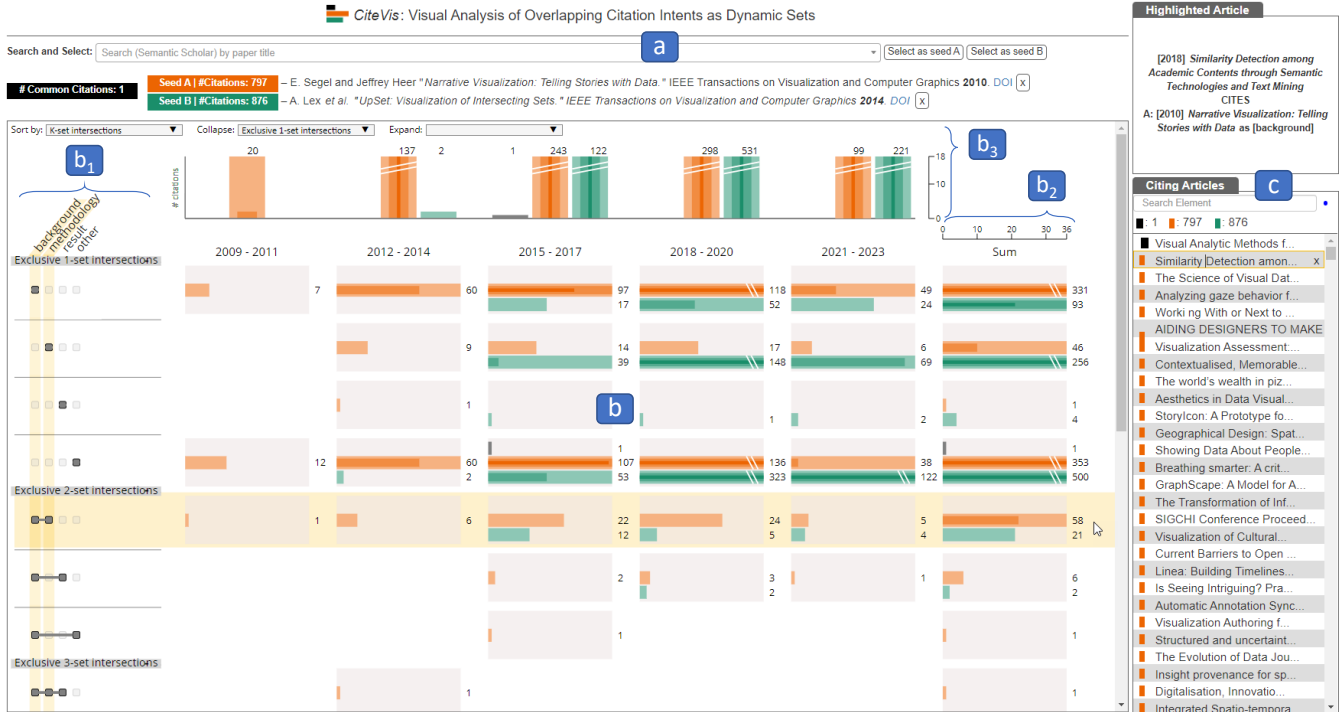


Figure 1: CiteVis interface: (a) search and select articles as seeds, (b) visually compare the citations, (c) explore the list of citing articles.

ABSTRACT

A scientific article can be cited with different intents over several years. The citation intents can be inferred by classifying the citation text into different categories. With multiple citations to the same article, the citation intent categories overlap, making their analysis more challenging. We model the categories as dynamic sets and propose an approach to visualize temporal citation trends of an article across overlapping citation intents. The approach supports comparison between the citation trends of two seed articles of interest. The implemented prototype supports searching and selecting seed articles from a Semantic Scholar dataset.

1 INTRODUCTION

Citations provide a glimpse of how authors of a scientific article ‘stand on the shoulder of giants’. Existing research is used and cited in multiple ways and serves different purposes. For instance, a work is cited because it provides background of a concept, uses a research

methodology, or reports certain results. The intent of a citation can be classified into different categories. The citation context—the text in the citing article that describes the cited article—provides an indication of this intent and serves as a basis for the classification [2]. Analyzing the citation intents of a *seed article* (i.e., the article in focus of the analysis) highlights its reception by the community and, analyzed temporally, might reveal shifts in reception (e.g., from serving as a technical basis to becoming a background topic). Similarly, comparing the citation intents of two seed articles over time helps understand their reception in relation to each other or to general trends in the community (e.g., comparisons get more prominent). Since a seed article can be cited with different intents by a same scientific article (at the same or different locations in the text), a citing article might be assigned multiple intents. As a result, the intent categories overlap. Hence, the data becomes challenging to analyze as it has overlapping categories and a temporal dimension.

To address the challenges, we look towards dynamic set visualizations that represent data with similar characteristics [1, 4]. For instance, *Set Streams* [1] shows the changing membership of elements through streams that branch and merge to indicate overlaps among sets. Using a similar dynamic set data model, we consider ‘citing’ as the criterion. However, since each article is published only once, each element (a citing article) appears in only one timestep (the publication year of the citing article) and, unlike necessary for applying other dynamic set visualization approaches, cannot be traced through time. We model each category of citation intents (e.g.,

*e-mail: shivam.agarwal@paluno.uni-due.de

†e-mail: uttiyaghosh@gmail.com

‡e-mail: fabian.beck@uni-bamberg.de

§e-mail: jnair@iiitb.ac.in

